• •		_				Rating at point logged					
#	ID	Risk Description	Triggers	Consequences	Risk Owner	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Rating	Treatment	Mitigations	Update
1	12	The risk is that Pension Liabilities are not handled correctly leading to financial pressures on the LACC or the Councils	 Unfavourable accounting regulations requiring bond of guarantee pension liabilities to be met by Councils 	 LACC project becomes unviable due to not achieving admitted body status Other delivery models will need to be considered LACC accounts would record a significant loss each year (insolvent / not a going concern) 	Sophie Hosking	3	5	15	Mitigate	 To be established during implementation and be set out as a clear gateway in the project plan. Other LA's set up LACC's and Admitted Body Status typically achieved but will be assessed by JSG 	Work is happening on this at the moment - with s151 officer meeting Peninsular Pensions. Also Bevan Brittan LLP instructed to provide legal advice
2	1	The risk is that there is Ineffective and/or inefficient set up of the LACC	 Lack of expertise in technical areas such as VAT and Corporation Tax Insufficient management capacity to complete project tasks and actions Conflicting priorities for SLT e.g. Service performance v LACC implementation Awareness of regulation and legislative requirements 	 Financial Model becomes unviable Benefits are not maximised LACC Cessation Cash Flow issues Lack of control of the LACC / ineffective governance Monitoring and internal controls become complicated Increased and unexpected set up costs 	Sophie Hosking	3	4	12	Mitigate	 Arrange specific advice for areas where further input required (Corporation Tax / Pensions / Financial modelling) as part of implementation project team Advice already sought from PWC on some issues as part of detailed business case development Active management of risk register for LACC throughout the project and into the operate phase Clear gateways for the Joint Steering Group to make decisions on proceeding or not – part of project planning Develop Business Plan 	Mitigation down - JSG programme team. BB instructed
3	7	There is a risk to service resilience when services are delivered by the LACC	 Impact on service delivery for the Council and 3rd parties Unable to fulfil contract requirements Financial liabilities Reputation damage Community needs not met 	External factors beyond Council and company control - Effective management of company - Effective contract specification, management and monitoring through out supply chain - Excessive pressure on service demands - Unexpected demand on finances e.g. unpaid debt, cash flow, disputes and claims	Sophie Hosking	3	4	12	Mitigate	 Emergency change process to be developed and captured in Contract Client side contract manager to be empowered to make speedy decisions (within councils delegated authority levels) Building of company reserves Performance Management framework for LACC to be developed to identify any downward trends in service delivery at an early stage 	Likelihood & Impact score amended from original work as no longer aiming for April implementation
4	9	There is a risk that the LACC fails to achieve desired rates of growth and be competitive in the market place	 Lack of expertise and acumen Failure to recruit the right executive team New entrants to the market offer more competitive rates (i.e. other LACCs) Uncompetitive due to cost of its workforce in comparison to competitor Market does not materialise or mature 	 Loss of market share / customers Unable to attract future partners / private customers LACC model may become unsustainable in the longer term Reputation for being expensive, if so, must maintain high standards Alternate service delivery model required 	Sophie Hosking	4	3	12	Mitigate	 Strong project management and governance throughout implementation phase (with assistance of JSG) Ensure management team reflect LACC's behaviour & skill requirements to effectively deliver contract Continuous market research & analysis – map competitor wins / actions. Use customer and market segmentation to understand where LACC fits in. Account manage customers to ensure service delivered exceeds expectations Early establishment of marketing strategy and focus on quality, effective & efficient public sector service Continuously seek efficiency improvements and income generation activities 	Likelihood & Impact score amended from original work as no longer aiming for April implementation

Appendix 3: LACC Risk Register

						Rating at point logged					
#	ID	Risk Description	Triggers	Consequences	Risk Owner	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Rating	Treatment	Mitigations	Update
5	10	The risk is that the LACC fails to retain and recruit competent and capable people to deliver the LACC vision	 Disillusioned workforce / lack of engagement Ability to recruit the right executive team / board members Inequalities across the workforce through inconsistent Terms and Conditions Difficulties / times delay with recruitment 	 Management team and workforce that lack a commercial outlook / acumen Increased workloads Reduction in staff morale -Failure to achieve commercial goals Negative impact on service quality 	Sophie Hosking	3	4	12	Mitigate	- Develop LACC recruitment strategy including profiles of roles that may require ongoing access of LGPS to attract staff - Clear communication with staff	n/a
6	2	The risk is that the LACC does not maximise its financial viability	 Initial assumptions and predictions are inaccurate including those of set up and running costs Market place not fully understood Competitors not identified Waste Management Contract not brought into LACC Service offering is not competitive Unsuccessful in winning council contracts Growth / savings are not achieved Modelling of profit margins is over estimated Irrecoverable VAT Continued Local Authority cuts 	- Costs of company set up not recovered - LACC dissolved and services taken back into the Local Authorities with associated costs - Ability to deliver council services for other Local Authorities reduced - Savings and profit not achieved - Economies of scale impacted if service reduction required - reputational damage stakeholder dissatisfaction	Lisa Buckle	3	3	9	Mitigate	 Officer group to develop further market analysis work – ongoing Mapping of market competitors and ongoing monitoring of potential trading pipeline from early stage – early engagement with soft market assessment activities which can commence 12 /18 months prior to a tendering opportunity becoming available Continue discussions with FCC over current waste arrangements to ensure smooth transition Ongoing modelling of irrecoverable VAT – to be built into project plan as key gateway for Joint Steering Group to agree Commence discussion with HMRC once approval to proceed is granted re Corporation Tax exemption Base budget review and full financial profiling of roles. 	n/a
7	5	Ability to maximise the benefits of the LACC	 Lack of flexibility to deliver potential future savings required due to further Start up costs become unaffordable in the uncertain local authority financial climate Potential lack of commercial skill set Strategic business case is not effectively communicated to or understood by members including acceptance and awareness of ownership and profit share allocation Market fails to materialise and mature 	 Council stays as is and T18 programme is refined to deliver further savings Income cannot be generated to offset future government grant cuts Reputational damage Further cuts to services, required to meet budget reductions Alternate service delivery models required LACCs / other delivery models are established prior to set up 	Steve Jorden	3	3	9	Mitigate	- Contract will require a change process for change requests from LACC to the Councils and vice versa - managed by client contract management - Start up budget to be defined and agreed with Joint Steering Group within parameters set out to Members for far - Commercial skills pre-requisite for board members - Business and marketing plan to be developed	JSG work ongoing which will investigate commercial viability
8	3	The risk is that the Councils are not able to meet LACC project implementation timescales	 Availability of staff to participate and support the delivery of the project work streams Management Capacity Availability of project management skills Deadline for project not realistic Delay in decision by members 	 Increased costs Reputational damage Failure to meet stakeholder expectations Delays in realising benefits of becoming an LACC (savings / payback period) Continued staff uncertainty Loss of member confidence 	Neil Hawke	2	4	8	Mitigate	 Clearly defined project work streams and project governance Consider phased approach for the implementation / transition to live Sufficiently resourced project team Formal risk management and project change process 	Implementation timescales are to be confirmed as a result of joint steering group (JSG) ongoing work

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:	# ID	Risk Description	Triggers	Consequences	Risk Owner	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Rating	Treatment	Mitigations	Update
!	9 11	The risk is that there is no defined and clear exit strategy for the Councils	 Contractual disputes Failure to include appropriate break clauses in contracts and Service Level Agreements LACC model becomes financially unviable due to changes in demand and complexity of user needs Change of political will and direction 	- Service disruption / instability - workforce unrest - impact upon service quality / performance e.g. delays - potential for LACC restructure - Perception by stakeholders of LACC failure and therefore SHDC & WDBC failure	Steve Jorden	2	3	6	Mitigate	 Exit strategy to be drafted as part of initial contract drafting, updated (where changes) and submitted on annual basis to councils Break clauses to be agreed by JSG – recommend first break in 5 years to ensure LACC has suitable opportunity to gain trading history Contract change procedure to be developed during implementation Active risk management by Councils and LACC 	Will be considered by the JSG
1	0 8	There is a risk that the LACC may breach statutory rules and obligations / regulations	 Lack of understanding around what the LACC can and can't do and how it should do it Employment disputes / TUPE challenges due to incorrect procedures being followed Failure to conform with TUPE and other proposal consultation requirements Inequalities within workforce (e.g. Equal Pay Claims) Failure to adhere to EU procurements rules 	 Possibility of trading ultra vires Reduction in quality of services Delay in implementation / cessation of LACC Financial costs Legal action Reputational damage 	Steve Jorden	1	5	5	Mitigate	 Director responsibilities clear with in depth knowledge of contract Specialist advice bought in as part of implementation with clearly mapped procedures for the LACC 	Bevan Brittan LLP instructed to provide specialist legal advice
1	1 4	There is a risk of negative or incorrect stakeholder perception of LACC	 Lack of understanding of LACC objectives and purpose i.e. protecting public services Councils' rationale is not understood or appreciated by the community Inability to articulate the LACC's unique selling point Lack of buy in by staff, unions and other stakeholders 	 Loss of identity of the Council by the public Reputation adversely affected Loss of community engagement Loss of attractiveness as an employer Increase number of change initiatives, impacting upon service delivery Impacted staff morale 	Steve Jorden	2	2	4	Mitigate	Development of communications plan for project and LACC (staff briefings, internet page, newsletters and union engagement) - Joint Steering Group to become "champions" for the LACC ensuring key messages understood - Early discussions with other leaders of and Senior Management Teams of other councils as part of business planning process	JSG work ongoing
1	2 6	There is a risk that the LACC does not effectively utilise the Teckal Exemption	- Ineffective and incorrect set up of company structure and governance - ability to demonstrate control over the LACC equal to that over the Councils departments - Exceeding 20% of services delivered to other parties through trading and therefore failing to meet the requirement for the majority of work of a TECKAL company being delivered to its controlling contracting authorities	-Financial penalties resulting from challenge from other businesses in the market - Lack of control over company functions	Sophie Hosking	1	3	3	Mitigate	Strong project management and governance throughout implementation phase (with assistance of the JSG) - Careful contract construct and reserved matter decision points to enable flexibility -Mapping of market competitors -Active management of sales funnel / pipeline for LACC throughout the project and into the operate phase – CRM tools to be employed -Monitoring of contract values against third party business won -Consider utilisation of a s95 company or Servaco if thresholds likely to be breached -Invite potential customers to become shareholders as opposed to customers to increase threshold limits -Early establishment of marketing strategy and focus on quality, effective & efficient public sector service	Bevan Brittan LLP instructed to provide specialist legal advice, which will continue to see this risk rated as low